R.L. Craig Supply, LLC 11524 Commonwealth Dr Louisville, KY 40299



Useful Information

<u>Air</u>

$$BTU_{Sensible} = (CFM) \times (1.08) \times (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$BTU_{Total} = (CFM) \times (4.5) \times (h_2 - h_1)$$

$$CFM = (Room Volume) \times (Air Changes per Hour) \div 60$$

$$P_{Total} = P_{Velocity} + P_{Static}$$

$$P_{\text{Velocity}} = (\text{Air Velocity} \div 4005)^2$$

Water

BTU = (GPM) x (501) x
$$(T_2 - T_1)$$

1 gallon (60° F) water = 8.34 lbs

Heating / Cooling

1 BTU = 0.29329 watt

1 watt = 3.413 BTU

1 HP = 746 watts = 2,546 BTU/hr

1 ton cooling = 12,000 BTU

Nominal 400 cfm per ton cooling

 $BTU_{hr} = (U \text{ factor}) \times (Area) \times (T_2 - T_1)$

U factor = $(1 \div R \text{ value})$

 $^{\circ}F = (1.8 \times ^{\circ}C) + 32$

 $^{\circ}$ C = 0.56 x ($^{\circ}$ F - 32)

Electricity

 $Volts = Amps \times Ohms$

Single Phase Motors (AC)

Amps =
$$\frac{\text{(HP x 746)}}{\text{(Volt x Motor Efficiency)}}$$

Three Phase Motors (AC)

Amps =
$$\frac{\text{(HP x 746)}}{\text{(Volt x Mtr Eff x Power Factor x 1.73)}}$$

Fans

Air Flow varies directly with RPM $CFM_a / CFM_b = RPM_a / RPM_b$

Static Pressure varies with the square of the RPM $SP_a / SP_b = (RPM_a / RPM_b)^2$

Horsepower varies with the cube of the RPM $HP_a / HP_b = (RPM_a / RPM_b)^3$

Other

Area of Circle = (3.142) x $(radius)^2$

Circumference of Circle = $(2) \times (3.142) \times (radius)$

Speed of Sound = 1,130 ft / sec

Speed of Light = 186,000 miles / sec

1 mile = 5,280 ft